



INVESTIGATION AND IDENTIFICATION *SALMO TRUTTA CASPIUS* BY THE GROWTH HORMONE TYPE 1 (GH1) GENE ANALOGUE

Abolhasan Rezaei¹, Sheyda Akhshabi², Hamid Reza Jamalzadeh³

¹ Department of Genetics-School of basic science, Islamic Azad University,
Tonekabon Branch, Iran, a.rezaei@tonekaboniau.ac.ir

² Young Researchers Club, Tonekabon Branch, Islamic Azad University, Tonekabon, Iran,

³ Department of Fisheries Sciences and Marine Biology-School of basic science,
Islamic Azad University Tonekabon Branch, Iran.

Abstract. The genetic growth hormone (GH) relationships between several *salmon* and *Salmo trutta caspius* were analyzed by the sequencing technique. The GH gene is concluded by duplicated, isophorms determined as GH1 and GH2. In *salmons* GH gene 1 has 5 exons and 6 introns. At this study we have isolated and characterized GH1 gene containing 3.1 kbp. In related to, have designed one pair of primers from full length of GH gene was reported in the NCBI Network system (Accession nos. AY614010 [RYYNANEN and PRIMMER et al., 2004] and X61938 [MALE et al., 1992]), DNA genomic extracted by absorption on the glass (kit) method, we performed PCR polymorphism and the sequences of the gene were also identified, annotated and compared to each other in their coding regions and function them. We show that regions have compared between other populations of *salmons* by NCBI Network program. These results also were shown that high homology between Growth hormone gene in *salmo trutta caspius* and other *salmons* was recorded (approximately 97%).

Key words: *Salmo trutta caspius*, *Salmo salar*, Growth hormone gene type 1, DNA

Introduction

The *Salmo trutta caspius* is the most widely distributed freshwater fish native to different region [UZBEKOVA, 2000]. It naturally occurs in many different, racially distinct forms throughout Europe, the Middle East, western Asia, and parts of North Africa. From north to south, its range extends from northern Norway and north-eastern Russia, to the Atlas Mountains of North Africa. Other trout species have been also investigated. In Iran, *Salmo trutta caspius* is very important, because these fishes have been very rarely in Caspian Sea and around of Rivers it. So, we decided that research about it. Therefore we discussed about so much genes in *salmo trutta caspius*. in related to we selected Growth hormone gene, because this gene not only is necessary for regulated of growth, but also is very important for finding ancestry of *salmons* [AGELLON et al., 1988; RENTIER-DELRUE et al., 1989; FORBES et al. 1994].

In mammals, Growth hormone gene is encoded by a single-copy gene containing nine exons [GOUDET et al., 1996]. In fish, this gene contains an additional exon and is present as a double copy, GHR-I and -II [BILLINGTON et al., 1991; MALE et al., 1992; GROSS et al., 1995] are both

actively transcribed, but their expression is not equally partitioned exhibiting some tissue-specificity, with GHR-I more actively expressed in liver and adipose tissue than GHR-II [PETER et al., 1995]. In the *Salmonid* fishes have two type GH genes (type 1 and type 2) [AGELLON et al., 1988; RENTIER DELRUE et al., 1989; FORBES et al. 1994]. These two type genes is common ancestor that double its entire genome through tetraploidy an estimated 25 – 50 million years ago. We showed about GH gene for finding polymorphism in *salmo trutta caspius*. in this project, first, we designed one pair of primer from full length of the GH1 gene's *salmo salar* (Accession nos. AY614010 [RYYNANEN and PRIMMER et al., 2004] and X61938 [MALE et al., 1992]), for the sequencing. So, we found full length polymorphism in amplification products of the GH1 gene homologue in the *salmo trutta caspius* detected polymorphism within a full length of approximately 3.1 kb on the gel electrophoresis. These results showed that there were high identity within population's *salmo trutta caspius* and other *salmons*.

Materials and Methods

Were caught adult *salmons* (The fishes has almost three years old ages) from Rivers of

north of Iran. They were anaesthetized with 50 mg of MS222 powder.

A. DNA extraction and PCR reaction

Total DNA was extracted with phenol-chloroform and absorption on fiber glass (Roche company kit) methods. Approximately, samples of different including, bloods, fins and muscles that fins and muscles were snap frozen in liquid nitrogen and ground to a fine powder with a precooled pestle and mortar.

B. Primers: We designed one pair of primers for amplification DNA of Growth hormone gene with the BLASTn on the NCBI Network service. This pair of primer including,

Forward Primer:

5'-ACCTACACAACCGACCACCGCACTTCAAG-3'

Reverse Primer:

5'-TCAATGCAGGGCAAGGCTAATCTG-3'

These primers could amplify full length of almost 3.1 kb. To amplify and sequence homologous growth hormone gene from *Salmo trutta caspius*. Also, were used in a PCR reaction with four pair of primers, forward and reverse growth hormone gene analogue by the NCBI Network. The DNA purified from the agarose was obtained by high pure PCR product purification kit. The final elution was dried. Also fragments were sent to Chromous Geni Company-India, for sequencing by Sanger method.

C. PCR Amplification:

Designing primers: We designed one pair of primers for amplification of DNA of Growth hormone gene. These primers could amplify fragment, 3.1 kbp. **PCR reaction:** Were used in a PCR reaction, from 10X ChromTaq Assay buffer 5.0 µl, Template DNA 1.0 µl, Forward primer (100ng/ ml) 2.0 µl, Reverse primer (100ng/ ml) 2.0 µl, dNTP mix (2.5mM each) 2.0 µl, 10X ChromTaq Assay buffer (5.0 µl), ChromTaq enzyme (3U/ ml) (0.5 µl), Water (37.5 µl), Total Reaction volume (50.0 µl). Termocycling conditions were 94°C for 5 min, denaturation, 94°C for 30sec, annealing 55°C for 30sec, extension 72°C for 1 min, final extension 72°C for 5 min. Steps of 2, 3, 4, followed to 35 cycles. The PCR products (50 µl) were separated by electrophoresis on a 1.5% agarose gel containing ethidium bromide according to standard methods [SAMBROOK et al., 1989].

D. GEL Extraction and PCR purification by the kit SPIN-50 (RKT33): The kit is designed for rapid purification of plasmid DNA from standard or low-melt agarose in TAE or TBE. Features of the kit: High quality DNA and no phenol chloroform required. PCR products were gel eluted and sequenced using Gene specific forward and reverse primer. Finally, the PCR products were sent to the Chromous Geni Company-India for doing sequence.

Results

There are some report about Growth hormone (GH) gene in Gene Bank and there is not any report about Growth hormone(GH) gene's *Salmo trutta caspius*. Therefore we had limited for designing primers this gene. In related to we designed one pair of primer for amplify a fragment 3.1 kb (Figure 1). This fragment was sent to Chromous Geni company for sequencing, hence only a 2541 bp fragment were sequenced. Nucleotide homology searches were conducted using the BLASTn on the NCBI Network service (Figure 2), and were analyzed fragment DNA 2541 bp with sequences other alignment (Figure 3 and 4).

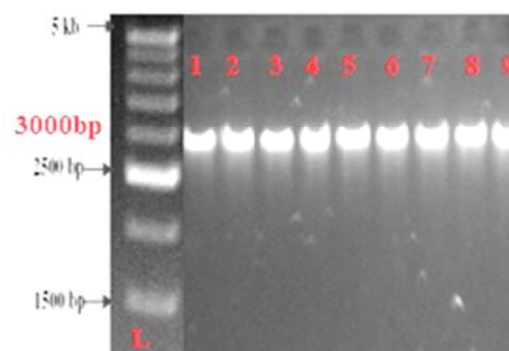


Figure 1. DNA produced from bloods of Growth hormone of gene 's *Salmo trutta caspius* 3.1 kb. Samples was electrophoresed on 1% agarose gel and stained with EtBr. L: Size marker: 500bp.

Sequencing: For doing sequence from PCR products, we designed gene specific forward and reverse primers for synthesis of fragments GH1 gene. In related to were sequenced four fragments and other PCR products were failed. These fragments were named: *SS1FP- SS1RP- SS2FP- SS2R* (were analysed in Figure 2).



Discussion

Growth hormone from a family of polypeptide [AGELLON et al., 1988]. This hormone will be regulated and involved in many other metabolic functions [reviewed in PETER and MARCHANT, 1995]. Therefore the Growth hormone gene is a potential target for studies of genetic variation in connection with studies of growth traits [RIHO GROSS and JOHN NILSSON, 1999]. For the study of Growth hormone gene, will be required full length of DNA, therefore done for this study and research. Growth hormone gene has two duplicated form (GH1 and GH2), [GROSS and NILSSON, 1995]. The GH1 has a full length of almost 4700bp in some reports in Gene Bank (Accession nos. AY614002–AY614008) also were aligned [RYNNANEN, H.J., PRIMMER, C.R., 2004 and MALE et al., 1992]. The GH gene in *salmo trutta caspius* for first time were analyzed by us, so,

it had very difficult. Therefore we had to designing four pair of primers for synthesis of full length, in related to we could getting 4 exons and introns were failed. The analysis of the genetic of GH1 in *salmo trutta caspius* with other sequences by (NCBI Network system) were found a homology with GH1 in *salmons* (Figure 3). Moreover, we could find a high identity GH1 in *salmo trutta caspius* with GH2 in other *salmons* (Figure 4). Also, in Figure 2, we were shown, there is high homology between exons of fragments, and there is high variation within introns in *salmo trutta caspius* and other *salmons*. However this research demonstrates the need to denote homology gene of GH for *salmon* species, because of the economic importance, as well as providing good evidence for the value of the approach.

Identities = 881/934 (94%), Gaps = 28/934 (3%)

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Strand=Plus/Plus
Query 6      AATCATCCCTTGCGCAATTAAGAGTAAAAATGGGACAAGGTAAGCCTGCTTTTTCTGTCT 65
          |||
Sbjct 609    AATCAT-CCTTG-GCAATTAAGAGTAAAAATGGGACAAGGTAAGCCTGCTTTTTCTGTCT 666
Query 66     ATTTCTtttttttAGTGGGAAGTCAGTGTACCATTTAGTACAGTTTAACTTACACATTTAA 125
          |||
Sbjct 667    ATTTCTTTTTTCAGTGGGAAGTCAGTGTACCATTTAGTACAATTTAACTTACACATTTAA 726
Query 126    TCACTGAGGCAGGGGCCAACACGGCAGAGAAAAGTGAACAAGTATTCTACTACTATGAGG 185
          |||
Sbjct 727    TCACTGAGGCAGGGGCCAACACGGCAGAGAAAAGTGAACAAGTATTCTACTACTATGAGG 786
Query 186    TTAT-AATCTATTGACACAGAACCACCTGCTTTAACACCTAACTATGTGATCTATAACA 244
          |||
Sbjct 787    TTATAAATCTATTGACACAGAACCACCTGCTTTAACACCTAACTATGTGATCTATAACA 846
Query 245    TTTACATTTGAGTCATTTAGCAGACACTCTTATCCAAAGCGACTTACAGGAGCCATTAGG 304
          |||
Sbjct 847    TTTACATTTGAGTCGTTTAGCAGACGCTCTTATCCAGAGCGACTTACAGGAGCAATTAGG 906
Query 305    GTTAAGTGCCTTGCTCAAGGGCACATCGACAGATTTCTCACCTAGTCAGCTCAGGGATTG 364
          |||
Sbjct 907    GTTAAGTGCCTTGCTCAAGGGCACGTCGACAGATTTCTCACCTAGTCAGCTCAGGGATTG 966
Query 365    AAACCGGTAACCTTTCAATTACTTACCCAACGCTCTTAACCGCTGGGCTATTGGTGTACA 424
          |||
Sbjct 967    AAACCGGTAACCTTTCAATTACTTACCCAACGCTCTTAACCGCTAGGCTATTGGTGTTCG 1026
Query 425    ATGGCTGAGAATATCTAACTAATGTATCTCACCATAATTCGACTTACTCGTTTTATACAT 484
          |||
Sbjct 1027   ATGGCTGAGAATATCTAACTAATGTATCTCACCATAATTCGACTTACTCGTTTTATACAT 1086
Query 485    TTCTATTTTTATTTAATCTCTCTTTTAGTGTCTCTGCTGATGCCAGTCTTACTGGTCAGT 544
          |||
Sbjct 1087   TTGTTA---T-TTT-CTCTTTCTTTTAGTGTCTCTGCTGATGCCAGTCTTACTGGTCAGT 1141
Query 545    TGTTTTCTGAGCCAAGGGGCAGCGATGGAAAACCAACGGCTCTTCAACATCGCGGTGAAC 604
          |||
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Sbjct 1142 TGTTTTCTGAGCCAAGGGGCAGCGATGGAAAACCAACGGCTCTTCAACATCGCGGTCAAC 1201
Query 605 CGGGTGCAACATCTCCACCTAATGGCTCAGAAGATGTTCAATGACTTTGTAAGACAGCTT 664
      |||
Sbjct 1202 CGGGTGCAACATCTCCACCTAATGGCTCAGAAGATGTTCAATGACTTTGTAAGACAGCTT 1261
Query 665 TTGAATCTTCTTTTGACATATCAAATAATGTATTAATGATTGTTCTTCTTCTTGTAGACA 724
      |||
Sbjct 1262 TTGAATCTTCTTTTGACATATCAAATAGTGTATCAATGATTGTTCTTCTTCTTGTAGACA 1321
Query 725 GTATCCTCTTTACACAACCCCTCGCGGCTaaaaaaaaCAACAGAAAA-TCTCTCTCCCT 783
      |||
Sbjct 1322 GTGTCCTCTTTACACAACCC-TCGTGGCAA-----CAACAAAAAATCTCTCTCCCT 1372
Query 784 TTCTTTGTGATTTTGTGCAGGAAGGCACCTGTTGCCTGATGAACGCAGACAGCTGAAAC 843
      |||
Sbjct 1373 T-CTTTGTGATTTTGTGCAGGAAGGTACCCTGTTGCCTGATGAACGCAGACAGCTGAA-C 1430
Query 844 AAGATATTCCTGCTGGAACCTTCTGTTACCTCTGACTCTATCGTGAGCCCAATCGAACA- 902
      |||
Sbjct 1431 AAGATATTCCTGCTGGA-CTT-CTGTAAC-TCTGACTCCATCGTGAGCCCAATCGA-CAA 1486
Query 903 GCT-GAGACTCAGAGAGAGT-CAGTAGTAACCT 934
      |||
Sbjct 1487 GCTTGAGACTCAGA-AGAGTTCAGTAAGTAACCT 1519

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Score = 1232 bits (667), Expect = 0.0
Identities = 870/947 (92%), Gaps = 40/947 (4%)
Strand=Plus/Minus

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Query 994 GGTFFF-AAGGGCGT-CCATGCGT-ATTGTCTCAGCCAGGTTACTTACTGAACTCTTCTG 1050
      |||
Sbjct 1556 GGTFFTAAGGGCATAACATGCATAATTGTCTCAACCAGGTTACTTACTGAACTCTTCTG 1497
Query 1051 AGTCTCAAGCTTGTTCGATTGGGCTCACGATGGAGTCAGAGTTACAGAAGTCCAGCAGGAA 1110
      |||
Sbjct 1496 AGTCTCAAGCTTGTTCGATTGGGCTCACGATGGAGTCAGAGTTACAGAAGTCCAGCAGGAA 1437
Query 1111 TATCTTGTTCAGCTGTCTGCGTTCATCAGGCAACAGGGTGCCTTCTGCACAAAATCACA 1170
      |||
Sbjct 1436 TATCTTGTTCAGCTGTCTGCGTTCATCAGGCAACAGGGTACCTTCTGCACAAAATCACA 1377
Query 1171 AAGAAGGGGAGAGAGATTTTCT-GTTGttttttttttAGCCGCGAGGGTTGTGTAAGAGGA 1229
      |||
Sbjct 1376 AAGAAGGGGAGAGAGATTTTTTGTGTT-----GCCACGAGGGTTGTGTAAGAGGA 1325
Query 1230 TACTGTCTACaaaaaaaaCAATCATTAATACATTATTTGATATGTCAaaaaaaaaATT 1289
      |||
Sbjct 1324 CACTGTCTACAAGAAGAACAATCATTGATACACTATTTGATATGTCAAAAAGAAGATT 1265
Query 1290 CAAAAGCTGTCTTACAAAGTCATTGAACATCTTCTGAGCCATTAGGTGGAGATGTTGCAC 1349
      |||
Sbjct 1264 CAAAAGCTGTCTTACAAAGTCATTGAACATCTTCTGAGCCATTAGGTGGAGATGTTGCAC 1205
Query 1350 CCGGTTACCGCGATGTTGAAAAGCCGTTGGTTTTCCATCGCTGCCCTTGGCTCAAAAA 1409
      |||
Sbjct 1204 CCGGTTGACCGCGATGTTGAAGAGCCGTTGGTTTTCCATCGCTGCCCTTGGCTCAGAAA 1145
Query 1410 ACAACTGACCAGTAAGACTGGCATCAGCAAAAACACTAAAAGAGAGATTAAATAAAATAA 1469
      |||
Sbjct 1144 ACAACTGACCAGTAAGACTGGCATCAGCAGAAAACACTAAAAGAAAGAG-AAA-A---TAA 1090
Query 1470 GAAATGTATAAAAACGAGTAAGTCGAATTATGGTGAGATACATTAGTTAGATATTCTCAGC 1529
      |||
Sbjct 1089 CAAATGTATAAAAACGAGTAAGTCGAATTATGGTGAGATACATTAGTTAGATATTCTCAGC 1030

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Query 2303 TTACCTTGATGAGCAGGTTGATGCCCACTTTGAGGTCGCTGAGCTTCTCAGAGATCTGG 2362
          |||
Sbjct 2490 TTACCTTGATGAGCAGGTTGATGCCCACTTTGAGGTCGCTGAGCTTCTCAGAGATCTGG 2431

Query 2363 TTGAGTTTCTGACCATTAGGCTGTTGGAGATGGTCAGGGTCTGGCTAGGGTACTCCCAG 2422
          |||
Sbjct 2430 TTGAGTTTCTGACCATTAGGCTGTTGGAGATGGTCAGGGTCTGGCTAGGGTACTCCCAG 2371

Query 2423 GATTCAATCAGACGGAAAGAGATATGGAGCAGCTTCAGGACCTGTGTGTGT----AGA-G 2477
          |||
Sbjct 2370 GATTCAATCAGACGGAAAGAGATATGGAGCAGCTTCAGGACCTGTGTGTGTGTGTGTAGATG 2311

Query 2478 -A-A-A--CCACAGATTATTGAAAATGAAGTTGCGTTGTATTGTACAGCTTGAGATTCC 2532
          |||
Sbjct 2310 TAGAGAAACCACAGATTATTGAAAATGAAGTTGCGTTGTATTGTACAGCTTGAGATTCC 2251

Query 2533 CTATTTACA 2541
          |||
Sbjct 2250 CTATTTACA 2242
  
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Figure 2. GH1 gene *salmo trutta caspius* fragments aligned with the *salmo salar* by NCBI program. Fragments including the four primers as started from first of length.

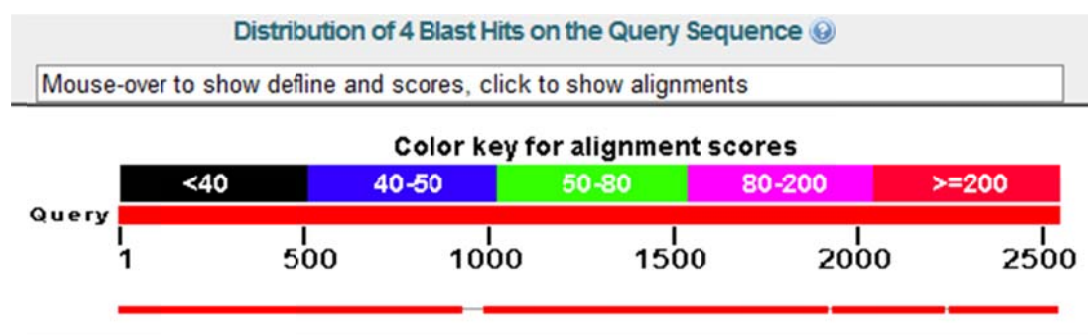


Figure 3. Sequence comparison for fragment of growth hormone (GH) gene with BLASTn programming. Similar sequences are shown. Color key denote to high homology between sequences.

Accession	Description	Max score	Total score	Query coverage	E value	Max ident	Links
EU621898.1	<i>Salmo salar</i> clone 11F04_73D15 interferon alpha 1-like gene	922	3515	90%	0.0	97%	G G G G G G G G G G G G G G
AY614010.1	<i>Salmo salar</i> isolate Ss11_GH1 growth hormone I gene, compl	922	3354	90%	0.0	97%	
AY614009.1	<i>Salmo salar</i> isolate Ss10_GH1 growth hormone I gene, compl	922	3354	90%	0.0	97%	
AY614008.1	<i>Salmo salar</i> isolate Ss9_GH1 growth hormone I gene, compl	922	3354	90%	0.0	97%	
AY614007.1	<i>Salmo salar</i> isolate Ss8_GH1 growth hormone I gene, compl	922	3341	89%	0.0	100%	
AY614006.1	<i>Salmo salar</i> isolate Ss7_GH1 growth hormone I gene, compl	922	3354	90%	0.0	97%	
AY614005.1	<i>Salmo salar</i> isolate Ss6_GH1 growth hormone I gene, compl	922	3354	90%	0.0	97%	
AY614004.1	<i>Salmo salar</i> isolate Ss5_GH1 growth hormone I gene, compl	922	3354	90%	0.0	97%	
AY614003.1	<i>Salmo salar</i> isolate Ss3_GH1 growth hormone I gene, compl	922	3354	90%	0.0	97%	
AY614002.1	<i>Salmo salar</i> isolate Ss2_GH1 growth hormone I gene, compl	922	3341	89%	0.0	100%	
X61938.1	<i>Salmo salar</i> gene for growth hormone I	917	3354	90%	0.0	97%	
EU621900.1	<i>Oncorhynchus tshawytscha</i> clone ChincokGH1 interferon alpha	767	2676	81%	0.0	98%	
EU621899.1	<i>Salmo salar</i> clone 63I10 growth hormone 2 gene, complete	763	2449	73%	0.0	95%	
N21573.1	<i>Salmon</i> (<i>S.salar</i>) growth hormone gene, complete cds	760	2440	73%	0.0	95%	

Figure 4. Sequence analysis was conducted using the BLASTn on the NCBI Network service for growth hormone gene fragment. Sequence alignment strain's *Salmo trutta caspius* and other sequences in Gene Bank. Maximum identity denote conserved nucleotides. (Almost 97%).

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